HISPANIC MINISTRY DIOCESE OF PORTLAND

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Lewiston Off.: 16 St. Croix St. Lewiston, ME 04240 Portland Off.: 80 Sherman St. Portland, ME 04101 (Sacred Heart Church)



Healing Service

Friday, October 27, 6:00 pm. Holy Family Church, **Lewiston**

Eucharistic Adoration

Second Saturday of the month, 6:00 pm Sacred Heart Chapel, **Portland**

Spanish Masses

Augusta

Every Saturday, 5:30 pm.

St. Monica Chapel - 5 Kendall St.

Brewer

Every Sunday, 1:00 pm.

St. Teresa Church - 425 South Main St.

Cherryfield

1st Sunday of the month, 1:00 pm.

St. Michael Church - 51 Elm St

Lewiston

Every Saturday, 6:00 pm. – (Live- Stream)

Holy Family Church

607 Sabattus Street

Pittsfield

1st and 3rd Friday of the month, 12:00 m.

St. Agnes Church - 238 Detroit Street

Portland

Every Sunday, 1:00 pm.

Sacred Heart Church - 65 Mellen Street

Sanford2nd and 4th Sunday of the month, 5:00 pm, Holy Family

Church - 66 North Ave.

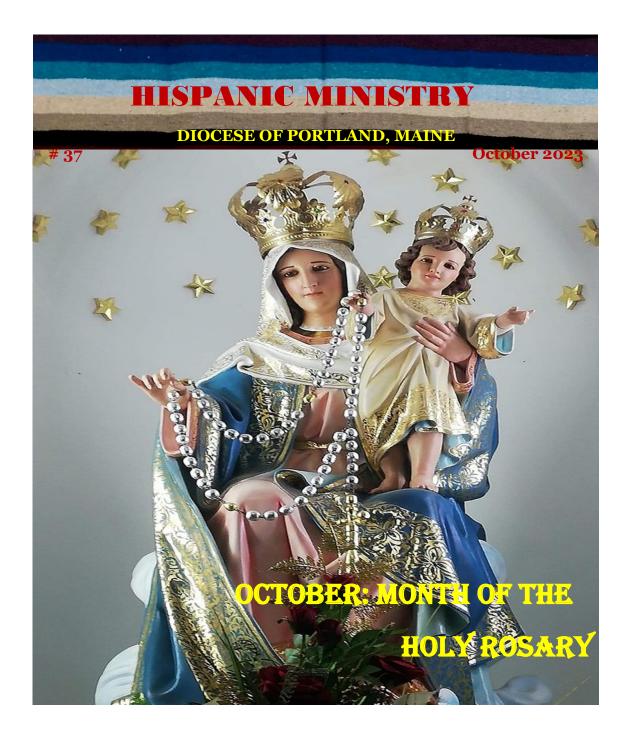
Skowhegan

Saturdays, 12:00 m (to notify)

Conference Room

Kyes Motel - 137 W Front





Our Latino Festival. Saturday, September 23, Immaculate Conception Cathedral, Portland Maine. Thank you for your collaboration and support!!! Until next year!





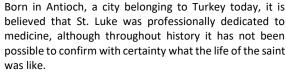


St. Luke The Evangelist October 18

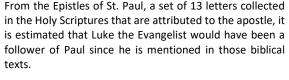
A man of faith who is considered by Catholic

tradition the author of the third Gospel of the Bible, a passage where the most relevant milestones of the life of Jesus of Narazeth are related, from his birth to his ascension to heaven, passing also through the preaching work he carried out as God's representative on Earth.

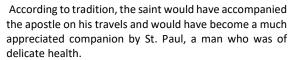












The Acts of the Apostles, the fifth book of the New

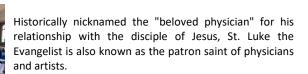
Testament Bible attributed to St. Luke the Evangelist,

would confirm this link between the two saints, since the

narrator is writing down, in the second person plural, the

four missionary journeys of the apostle.









St. Teresa de Lisieux – October 1st

Sister Teresa of the Child Jesus and of the Holy Face or, simply, Saint Therese, was a French Discalced Carmelite nun. She was declared a saint in 1925 and proclaimed a doctor of the Church in 1997 by St. John Paul II. Pope Pius X considered her "the greatest saint of modern times."



The Guardian Angels - October 2nd

"The existence of spiritual, noncorporeal beings, which sacred Scripture habitually calls angels, is a truth of faith. The testimony of Scripture is as clear as the unanimity of Tradition." (CIC 328) Guardian angels are angels who have the special task of helping human beings throughout their lives, from birth to death.



Saint Francis of Assisi October 4th

Italian religious and mystic. (1182-1226). founder of the Franciscan order. He led a movement of Christian renewal that, centered on love of God, poverty and joyful fraternity, had an immense echo among the popular classes in the Middle Ages.



Our Lady of the Holy Rosary

She is the patron saint of Guatemala and her feast day is celebrated on October 7. Devotion to Mary under the invocation of the Virgin of the Rosary dates back to the Middle Ages and gained strength during the Renaissance.



Lord of Miracles - October 18th

It is an image of Jesus Christ originally painted on an adobe wall, located behind the main altar of the Sanctuary of the Nazarenes, in Lima (Peru). It is one of the largest celebrations and processions in the world.

Our Lady of the Rosary

On October 7, the Virgin of the Rosary is celebrated, an advocation that reminds us of the importance of addressing our Mother affectionately through the prayer of the Holy Rosary. It was the same Mother of God who asked us to pray it and spread it so that,



through it, we can obtain abundant graces.

The Rosary is unquestionably a Marian prayer- a certain help to grow in love for the Woman who brought us salvation - but we do not always notice that it is, first of all, a "Christocentric" prayer, that is, a prayer centered on Christ. The enunciation of the mysteries and the Hail Marys that follow each other when we pray help us to contemplate and meditate on the mysteries of the Life of the Savior accompanied by Mary, the mother who was always close to the Son. She teaches us to approach these mysteries through her own eyes, because everything in Mary is an invitation to love the Son.

In the year 1208 the Virgin Mary appeared to Santo Domingo de Guzmán, gave him the Holy Rosary, in the way we know it today, and taught him how to pray it. Our Holy Mother then entrusted the Spanish saint to become the propagator of this devotion. So did St. Dominic, and the Rosary, over the centuries, was penetrating deeper and deeper into the soul of all Catholics.

One of the historical episodes that has been decisive in the history of the dissemination of the Rosary was the "Battle of Lepanto" (October 7, 1571), where Christian forces faced the Ottoman Empire. The Christians, before the battle. entrusted themselves to the Virgin and prayed the Holy Rosary. The resounding victory that followed was attributed by the Christian armies to the intercession of the Virgin.

Pope St. Pius V, in gratitude to the Virgin Mary, instituted the Feast of the "Virgin of Victories." Later, Pope Gregory XIII changed the name of the feast to "Our Lady of the Rosary"; and Clement XI extended the celebration to the entire Church of the West. Subsequently, St. Pius X definitively set the feast for October 7 and immortalized these words: "Give me an army that prays the Rosary and it will overcome the world."